



SafetyCube

SafetyCube - the European Road Safety Decision Support System

Professor George Yannis,
National Technical University of Athens



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SafetyCube DSS Objectives



The SafetyCube DSS objective is to provide the European and Global road safety community a **user friendly, web-based, interactive Decision Support Tool** to properly substantiate their road safety decisions for the actions, measures, programmes, policies and strategies to be implemented at local, regional, national, European and international level.

The main contents of the SafetyCube DSS concern:

- road accident risk factors and problems
- road safety measures
- best estimate of effectiveness
- cost-benefit evaluation
- all related analytic background

Special focus on linking road safety problems with related measures.



Current Road Safety DSS Worldwide



- Crash Modification Factors Clearinghouse (www.cmfclearinghouse.org) by NHTSA (USA) - **6.251 CMF** on infrastructure only – ongoing
- Road Safety Engineering Kit (www.engtoolkit.com.au) by Austroads (Australia) - **67 treatments** on infrastructure only
- PRACT Repository (www.pract-repository.eu) by CEDR (Europe) - **889 CMF and 273 APM** on infrastructure only – high quality
- iRAP toolkit (<http://toolkit.irap.org/>) by iRAP - **58 treatments** (42 on infrastructure)
- Safety Performance Factors Clearinghouse (<http://spftool.com/>) by Tatum Group LLC, Dr. Andrew Kwasniak (USA) - **few SPF** – subscribers only

SafetyCube DSS Users



- **Public authorities** - local, regional, national, European and international
- **Industry** - Infrastructure, Vehicle, Insurance, Technology
- **Research Institutes, Experts**
- **Non Governmental Organisations**
- **Mass Media**
- **Everyone**



The SafetyCube DSS is intended to have **a life well beyond the end of the SafetyCube research project**. It is developed in a form that can readily be incorporated within the existing European Road Safety Observatory of the European Commission DG-MOVE.

SafetyCube Methodology



1. Creating **taxonomies** of risk factors and measures
 2. Exhaustive **literature review** and rigorous study selection criteria
 3. Use of a template for **coding studies**, to be introduced in the DSS back-end database
 4. Carrying out **meta-analyses** to estimate the effects of risk factors / measures.
 5. Drafting **Synopses** summarising results of risk factors / measures.
 6. Carrying out **cost-benefit analyses** for the most effective measures
- **Systems approach:** links between infrastructure, user and vehicle risks
 - Rigorous assessment of the **quality of the data / study methods**



SafetyCube Taxonomies



Three-level taxonomies
Separately for risks and measures

- **4 Categories**
road user, infrastructure, vehicle, post impact care
- **88 Topics**
e.g. distraction, roadside, crashworthiness
- **175 Specific topics**
e.g. mobile phone use, no clear-zone, low pedestrian rating (NCAP)

SafetyCube
DSS

European Road Safety Decision Support System

Search

Knowledge

Calculator

Methodology

Support

Home > Measures Search

Keyword Search

Risk Factors

Measures

Road User Groups

Accident Categories

Behavior	Infrastructure	Vehicle	Post Impact Care
Law and enforcement	Traffic flow	Frontal impact	Ambulances/helicopters
Education and voluntary training or programmes	Traffic composition	Side impact	Extraction from vehicle
Driver training and licensing	Formal tools to address road network deficiencies	Rear impact	Pre-hospital medical care
Fitness to drive assessment and rehabilitation	Speed management & enforcement	Rollover	Triage and allocation to trauma facilities
Awareness raising and campaigns	Road type	Pedestrian	First aid training drivers
	Road surface treatments	Child	
	Visibility / Lighting treatments	PTW	
	Workzones	Cyclist	
	Horizontal & vertical alignment treatments	HGV	
	Superelevation / cross-slopes treatment	Longitudinal	
	Lanes / ramps treatments	Lateral control	

SafetyCube DSS Design Principles



- A **Modern** web-based tool
- Highly **Ergonomic** interface
- **Simple** structure
- Powerful **Search** Engines
- Fully **Documented** information
- Easily **Updated**



SafetyCube DSS Search Engine

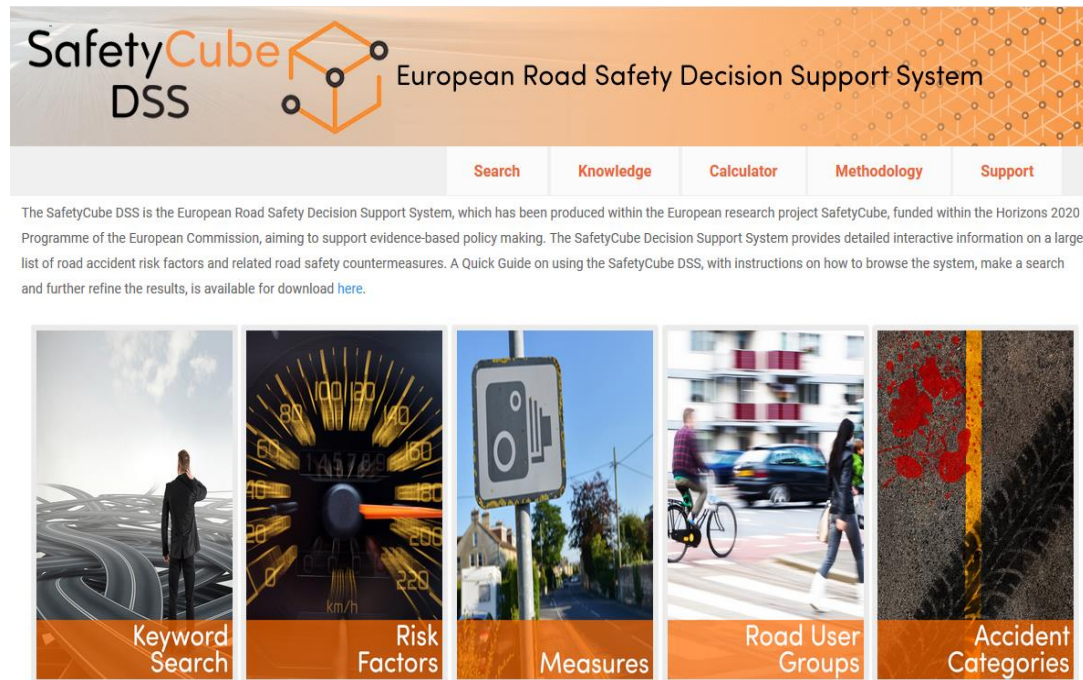


- **Fully linked search**
 - search a road safety problem alone or through the measures
 - search a measure alone or through the road safety problems
 - search for risks and measures related to specific road user groups or crash types (accident categories)
- **Fully detailed search**
 - search by any parameter in each data table in the database
- **Fully flexible search**
 - adjust and customize search according to results
- **Fully documented search**
 - access background information at any stage (supporting documentation, links, etc.)



SafetyCube DSS Menu

- **Search**
Risk Factors & Measures
- **Knowledge**
>210 Synopses, Serious Injuries, Accident Scenarios
- **Calculator**
Economic Efficiency Evaluation
- **Methodology**
System documentation
- **Support**
Contact, help, feedback



The Search Structure

- **Search**
(5 entry points)
- **Results pages**
(Introduction, Colour codes, Synopses, Coded studies)
- **Individual Studies** pages
(Disaggregate level, detailed effects listed, some studies not in synopses)
- **Links** between Risk Factors
Information about which risks
can be remedied by which types
of measures



SafetyCube DSS Entry Points

- **Keyword search**
(all database keywords)
- **Risk factor search**
(taxonomy)
- **Measures search**
(taxonomy)
- **Road User Groups**
(database keywords related to each group)
- **Accident Categories**
(inquiries about specific scenarios)

The screenshot displays the SafetyCube DSS website. The header includes the logo and the text "European Road Safety Decision Support System". Navigation tabs for Search, Knowledge, Calculator, Methodology, and Support are visible. The "Keyword Search" page is active, showing a sidebar with a taxonomy of pedestrian-related terms and a main content area with five search categories: Keyword Search, Risk Factors, Measures, Road User Groups, and Accident Categories. The "Keyword Search" category is selected, leading to a table of results for "PEDESTRIANS".

Risk Factors			Measures			
Behavior	Infrastructure	Vehicle	Behavior	Infrastructure	Vehicle	Post Impact Care
Functional impairment	Adverse weather	Pedestrian	Education and voluntary trainings/programs	Traffic signals treatments	Pedestrian	Not Applicable
Distraction and inattention	Poor junction readability	Visibility / Conspicuity			Vulnerable Road Users Protection	
Traffic Rule Violations	At-grade junctions deficiencies	PTW / ATV		Road markings at junctions	Longitudinal	
		LGV		Speed management & enforcement		
	Median / barrier deficiencies (risk of crash with oncoming traffic)	Passenger Cars		Speed management		
	Horizontal/vertical alignment deficiencies			Rail-road crossings		
	Traffic flow			Traffic signs treatments		

SafetyCube DSS Results Pages



Search results

- Synopses, and their short summaries & colour codes
- Table listing the available studies

Refine search

- Specific Risk factor / Measure
- Other **search filters**:
 - Road user groups: All, car occupants, drivers, passengers, PTW riders, pedestrians, cyclists, HGVs.
 - Road types: All, motorways, rural roads, urban roads
 - Country: EU, EU countries, US and Canada, Australia, Asia.

Links to related measures

- Select a specific risk factor / measure
- Get the list of related measures

The screenshot displays the SafetyCube DSS interface. The header includes the logo and navigation tabs: Search, Knowledge, Calculator, Methodology, and Support. The main content area shows search results for the keyword 'workzones'. It includes two detailed entries with images and text descriptions, each with a risk level indicator (RED and YELLOW). Below these, there is a 'RELATED MEASURES' section with a button and a selection instruction. At the bottom, a table lists the number of studies (6) and provides a table of results with columns for ID, Title, Source, Year, Design, and Countries.

ID	Title	Source	Year	Design	Countries
196	Analysis of driver injury severity in single-vehicle work zone crashes	13TH WCTR, JULY 15-18, 2013 - RIO DE JANEIRO, BRAZIL	2013	OBSERVATIONAL	UNITED STATES
319	Development of crash-severity-index models for the measurement of work zone risk levels	ACCIDENT ANALYSIS AND PREVENTION 40, 1724-1731	2008	OBSERVATIONAL	UNITED STATES

SafetyCube Synopses



211 Syntheses on risk factors / measures

Summary (2 pages)

- Effect of risk factor / measure and ranking (colour code)
- Risk / safety effect mechanisms
- Risk / safety effects size, transferability of effects

Scientific overview (4-5 pages)

- Comparative analysis of available studies
- Analysis results:
Meta-analysis/Vote-count analysis/Qualitative analysis

Supporting document (3-10 pages)

- Literature search strategy and study selection criteria
- Detailed analyses

[illegible]

SafetyCube Related Risks / Measures

- Linking based on a **dedicated model** categorizing risks
- Every Risk Factor (88) is **linked** to one or more Road Safety Measure(s) (175)
- Every Road Safety Measure (175) is **linked** to one or more Risk Factor(s) (88)
- **Exploration** of more than 270 relationships

SafetyCube
DSS

European Road Safety Decision Support System

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Home > Related Measures

Related Studies for "poor visibility - darkness"

The following measures are related to the risk factor you selected. Select a measure from the table below to see the available SafetyCube results.

Behavior	Infrastructure	Vehicle	Post Impact Care
Campaigns on helmets, protective clothing and visibility	Installation of road lighting improvement of existing lighting	Enhanced Headlights (automated, adaptive, advanced system,...) Night Vision Vehicle backup camera - Reversing Detection or Camera systems (REV)	Not Applicable

Countries

☐ CANADA

☐ NETHERLANDS

☐ UNITED KINGDOM

☐ UNITED STATES

SafetyCube Synopses

Installation of lighting & improvements to existing lighting: GREEN (EFFECTIVE)

The vast majority of results show that the installation of road lighting and improvements to existing road lighting have favourable effects on the number of occurring crashes

ID	Title	Source	Year	Design	Countries
284	Relationship Between Roadway Illuminance Level and Nighttime Rural Intersection Safety	TRANSPORTATION RESEARCH RECORD: JOURNAL OF THE TRANSPORTATION RESEARCH BOARD, NO. 2485, PP. 8-15	2015	CROSS-SECTIONAL	UNITED STATES
285	Road Lighting Effects on Bicycle and Pedestrian Accident Frequency Case Study in Montreal, Quebec, Canada	TRANSPORTATION RESEARCH RECORD: JOURNAL OF THE TRANSPORTATION RESEARCH BOARD, NO. 2555, PP. 86-94	2016	CROSS-SECTIONAL	CANADA

SafetyCube DSS Individual Study Pages

Title, author, source, abstract

- Link to URL for full-text download (depending on Institute permissions)


Study design info:

- Country
- Research Method, Design, Sample
- Exposure/Control group
- Risk/Outcome Group
- Modifying Conditions
- Potential limitations

Study results:

- Table listing the detailed effects reported in the study

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Modeling work zone crash frequency by quantifying measurement errors in work zone length

Yang H., Özbay K., Öztürk O., Yıldırımoglu M.

Abstract

Work zones are temporary traffic control zones that can potentially cause safety problems. Maintaining safety, while implementing necessary changes on roadways, is an important challenge traffic engineers and researchers have to confront. In this study, the risk factors in work zone safety evaluation were identified through the estimation of a crash frequency (CF) model. Measurement errors in explanatory variables of a CF model can lead to unreliable estimates of certain parameters. Among these, work zone length raises a major concern in this analysis because it may change as the construction schedule progresses generally without being properly documented. This paper proposes an improved modeling and estimation approach that involves the use of a measurement error (ME) model integrated with the traditional negative binomial (NB) model. The proposed approach was compared with the traditional NB approach. Both models were estimated using a large dataset that consists of 60 work zones in New Jersey. Results showed that the proposed improved approach outperformed the traditional approach in terms of goodness-of-fit statistics. Moreover it is shown that the use of the traditional NB approach in this context can lead to the overestimation of the effect of work zone length on the crash occurrence.

[doi:10.1016/j.saa.2013.02.031](#)

Summary

The study investigates workzone crashes in New Jersey state. 7 years of data are exploited. Full Bayesian Negative binomial models are applied. AADT, length of workzone and number of operating lanes in the workzone were found to increase frequency of injury and non-injury (property damage only) accidents.

Basic Study Information

Topic: RISK FACTOR

Source: ACCIDENT ANALYSIS AND PREVENTION 55 (2013) 192- 201

Design: OBSERVATIONAL CROSS-SECTIONAL

Countries: UNITED STATES

Keywords: FULL BAYESIAN MEASUREMENT ERROR NEGATIVE BINOMIAL MODEL CRASH FREQUENCY SAFETY ANALYSIS WORK ZONE

Year: 2013

Effects

Effect No	Outcome	Exposure	Group Type	Group	Effect Estimator	Effect Estimator Specifications	Sample	Estimate	Estimate Lower Limit	Estimate Upper Limit	Conclusion Comments
1	NUMBER OF PROPERTY DAMAGE ONLY ACCIDENTS	LN(LENGTH)	unit	MILES	SLOPE	FULL BAYESIAN NEGATIVE BINOMIAL MODEL		0.847	0.729	0.965	SIGNIFICANT NEGATIVE EFFECT ON ROAD SAFETY THE MODEL WITH THE BEST FIT IS PRESENTED (LOWER DIC VALUE). LOWER AND UPPER LIMIT REFER TO THE 95% CREDIBLE INTERVALS (2.5%-97.5%).
2	NUMBER OF PROPERTY	LN(AADT)	unit	ADJUSTED VOLUME/LANE (BY	SLOPE			0.538	0.415	0.634	SIGNIFICANT NEGATIVE EFFECT ON ROAD SAFETY

SafetyCube DSS Calculator (1/2)

- Combines information about the **effectiveness of a measure** (i.e. the percentage of crashes or casualties prevented) with the **costs** of this measure.
- Integrates updated information of **crash costs in the European countries**
- Allows to express all costs and benefits of a measure in monetary values and conduct **cost benefit analysis**.

Main Functions

- Perform cost-benefit analysis with **own input data**.
- Select one of the **SafetyCube examples** of cost benefit analyses
 - Measures with high effectiveness
 - For which reliable cost information could be found




SafetyCube DSS Calculator (2/2)

Economic Efficiency Evaluation Tool (E3)

- Fully integrated in the DSS
- Enables users to create their custom CBA
 - “My Measure” function with free input on:
 - Country, years of analyses
 - Basis: Crashes or Casualties
 - Costs (implementation and annual)
 - Measure effectiveness (per severity category)
 - Penetration rate and side effects
- Contains SafetyCube example CBAs on:
 - Behaviour (12 examples)
 - Infrastructure (19 examples)
 - Vehicle systems (4 examples)

SafetyCube
DSS



European Road Safety Decision Support System

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Home > Calculator



Calculator

Pilot version, under development

The calculator for Economic Efficiency Evaluation (E3) of road safety counter measures allows to combine information about the effectiveness of a measure (i.e. the percentage of crashes or casualties prevented) with the costs of this measure. The calculator also integrates updated information of crash-costs in the European countries, allowing to express all costs and benefits of a measure in monetary values and conducting cost benefit analysis. Select one of the SafetyCube cost benefit analyses examples, or perform a cost benefit analysis with your own input data.

All figures and estimates refer to euros for year 2015.

Input

MY MEASURE

SELECT A SAFETYCUBE EXAMPLE

Infrastructure safety management - Speed management & enforcement

Description	Roundabout
Country	UK

Measure

Horizon (period of analysis)25

Reduction in terms of casualties or crashes

Casualties

Crashes

Number of units implemented1

Costs

Cost Breakdown Per Unit

Total Costs Per Unit

Cost-Benefit Analysis

Infrastructure safety management - Speed management & enforcement - 30-zones implementation

Roundabout

Costs (present values)

One-time investment costs	82241 EUR
Recurrent costs	17964.84 EUR
Total costs excluding side-effects	100205 EUR
Side-effects	0 EUR
Total costs including side-effects	100205 EUR

Benefits

Prevented Crashes	190481.42 EUR
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Socio-economic return excluding side-effects

Net present value	90276.42 EUR
Cost-benefit ratio	1.9

Socio-economic return including side-effects

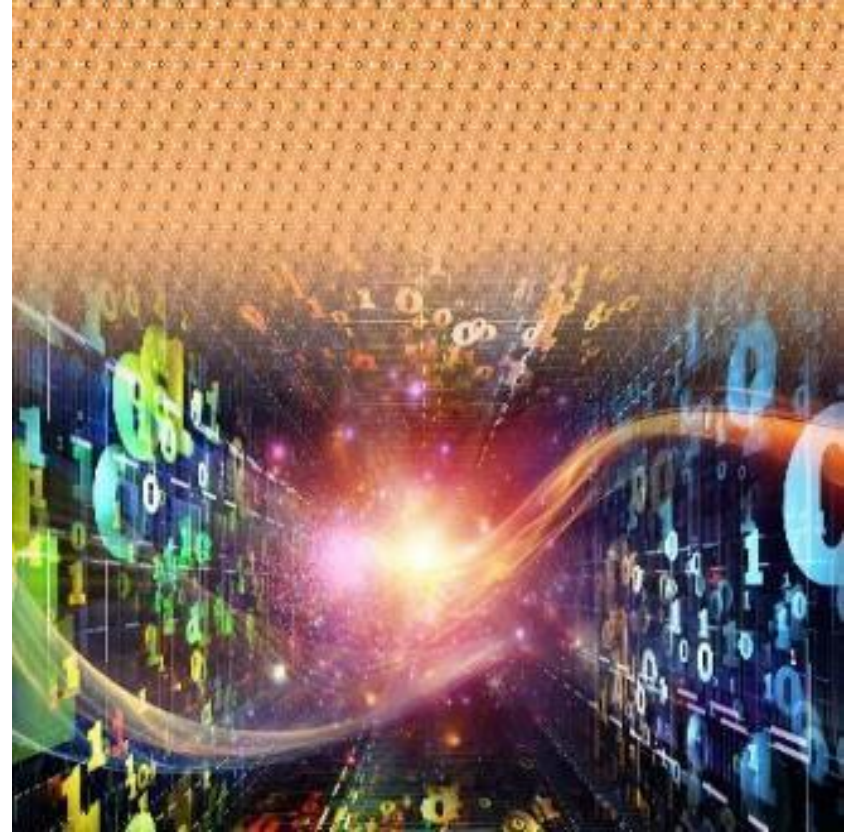
Net present value	90276.42 EUR
Cost-benefit ratio	1.9

SafetyCube DSS Knowledge Wealth



SafetyCube DSS contains:

- more than 1,250 **studies**,
- with more than 7,500 **estimates** of risks/measure effects on:
 - behaviour,
 - infrastructure,
 - vehicle, and
 - post impact care
- more than **210 Synopses**
- more than **35 cost-benefit analyses** (adjustable)



Example questions addressed

- how important is my road safety problem?
- who else is having similar problems?
- what solutions are usually proposed for my problem?
- how efficient are the solutions proposed?
- which is the most efficient solution?
- and if I have a combination of problems...

...then use SafetyCube DSS to have the answers



SafetyCube Next Steps



- SafetyCube DSS **Opening** (October 2017)
- The **future operation** of the SafetyCube DSS concerns:
 1. the uninterrupted operation of the current SafetyCube DSS
 2. updates of the risk factors, measures and cost-benefit analyses (recent studies but also older ones)
 3. addition of studies in more languages
 4. translation of the contents in other languages
 5. possibility to receive, check and incorporate studies submitted by external experts and organizations and the respective quality control
 6. incorporation of additional data and knowledge sections



Delivering a long waited powerful tool

- SafetyCube DSS is the first integrated road safety support system **developed in Europe**
- SafetyCube DSS **offers for the first time** scientific evidence on:
 - risks and not only measures
 - risks and measures not only on infrastructure
 - a very large number of estimates of risks and measures effects
 - links between risks factors and measures
- SafetyCube DSS aims to be a **reference system** for road safety in Europe, constantly improved and enhanced





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